

The Digital Twin Procedure Model









<u>_</u> ПП







	🗰 💡 Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	TUT
Ind	ex	_ Title	Link to the Procedure Model
P№	1-A1.1	Build a basic understanding of the Digital Twin	
Pri	ority	رOverall Objective	🛛 🖉 🔪 🖓 🖓 🖓 🖉 🔪
	Should-Have	PM-D1.1	
Pro	ocedure		Methods & Tools
1.	Collect internal a Twins	nd external knowledge, as well as information material regarding Digital	PM-M1.1 Expert Interviews
2.	Capture the curre	ent interpretation of Digital Twins in the company	
3.	Develop a definit	ion of the Digital Twin that everyone can agree on	
4.	Analyze general	benefits and barriers of Digital Twins	
5.	Capture expectat	tions on Digital Twins in the company	
6.	Derive potential b introduction	penefits of the Digital Twin in the company and possible barriers to its	
7.	Communicate the	e results within the company	

	vity – How can the goal be reached?	ТШТ
.Index		Link to the Procedure Model
PM-A1.2	Define the goals of the digital twin project	
, Priority Must-have	Overall Objective PM-D1.2	(****************************** ********
Procedure		Methods & Tools
 Outline the miss Deriving an ove 	tion, values, vision of the company in general or project idea	PM-M1.2 Modified 9-field method PM-M1.3 Development of project objectives, PM-T1.3 Evaluation criteria for the introduction of methods, PM-T1.4 SMART formulation of objectives
3. Structuring the p	project goals	PM-M1.5 Structuring project objectives
4. Synchronization	with benefit aspects from the collected use cases	
5. Review and doc	ument project goals	



	rity – How can the goal be reached?	ТЛП
Index	_ Title	Link to the Procedure Model
PM-A1.4	Plan the procedure and activities of the project	
Priority	Overall Objective	I 🞯 🔪 tử 💥 🖓 🖓 🖞 🌾 🎽
Must-have	PM-D1.4	
Procedure		Methods & Tools
1. Definition of an i	mplementation plan	PM-T1.12 Implementation plan for digital twins
2. Selection of a su	itable process model	
3. Determination o	the required activities	
4. Adaptation of the	e process model to the project at hand	
5. Creation of a pro	oject plan	

TUT	$\sqrt{\frac{9}{3}}$ Activity – How can the goal be reached?	
he Procedure Model _	Title	Ind
	.5 Create resource plan	PM
ﺷ》♀ ♪ ₀ ゚゚ ``∳` `	tyoverall Objective	Pric
	e-To-Have PM-D1.4	
& Tools	dure	Pro
ist of questions on resource ts	termining which resources are needed to achieve the goal (people and material resources)	1.
	termination of when these are required	2.
	alysis of which resources are currently available in the company and where additional ources are required	3.
	termining how the additional resources required can be procured	4.
& Tools ist of questions on resorts	e-To-Have PM-D1.4 dure	Pro 1. 2. 3. 4.

Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	TUT
PM-A1.6	Form a project team	Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	Overall Objective	
Procedure		Contraction of the second seco
 Clarification of th Determination of 	e project organization structure to be used roles required for the implementation of the project	PM-T1.13 Project organization structure Digital twin
3. Defining the resp	onsibilities and tasks of the roles	
4. Assigning compa	any employees to the roles of the project organization structure	

	vity – How can the goal be reached?	ТЛП
.Index	Title	Link to the Procedure Model
PM-A2.1	Record actual process environment	
Priority	Overall Objective	┐ <u>└╶́́╯》╨╜》♀́╯》⋴́》'ৠ`</u> 〉
Must-have	PM-D2.1	الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
Procedure		ر Methods & Tools
1. Collect informati	on material on the process environment (documentation, images,)	PM-M1.1 Expert interview
2. Map the archited	cture of the relevant hardware components	PM-T2.2 CPS modeling canvas
3. Mark information	n/energy/material flows between the components	
4. Visualization of documentation	the entire system architecture including the process interrelationships and	PM-T2.1 Use Case Template

Ø)	Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	ТШТ
.Inc		Title	ر Link to the Procedure Model ۲
, Pri	Must-have	PM-D2.1	
Pro	ocedure		Methods & Tools
1.	Collect information	on material on the process flow (e.g. employee interviews)	PM-M1.1 Expert interview
2.	2. Identify stakeholders and components of the CPS		PM-M2.1 Swimlane diagram
3.	Define areas/dep	partments of stakeholders and components	PM-M2.1 Swimlane diagram
4.	Record the activities	ities of the stakeholders and functions of the components (Who performs or what performs which function?)	PM-M2.1 Swimlane diagram
	which douvlies,		PM-T2.1 Use Case Template
5.	Networking of ac activity/function of	ctivities/functions in a chronological and logical sequence (When is which carried out?)	
6. Adding information regarding data/information (use, anchoring)			
7.	Checking the chi	ronological and logical sequence	
8.	Documentation c	of the actual process	

	🗰 💡 Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	ТШТ
Ind	lex	_ Title	Link to the Procedure Model
P۱	1-A2.3	Record actual data structure	
Pri	Ority Must-have	Overall Objective PM-D2.1	<u> </u>
Procedure			_ Methods & Tools
1. 2.	 Identification of basic elements of the data structure, i.e. initial/final states, stakeholders, important components of the system, activities, functions, data/information Networking the basic elements by analyzing data/information flows and communication 		PM-M1.1 Expert interview, PM-T2.3 Questionnaire Modeling data structure
3.	 channels 3. Specify the basic elements by adding knowledge of supporting tools, system anchors, description of data/information 4. Documentation of interim/final results 		PM-T2.1 Use Case Template
	4. Documentation of interim/final results		

	Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	ПЛ
رInd	lex	_ Title	ر Link to the Procedure Model _
PN	1-A2.4	Determine actual/target maturity level	
۲Pri	ority	Overall Objective	<u> </u>
	Must-have	PM-D2.2	
<mark>Pro</mark>	ocedure		ر Methods & Tools
1.	Evaluation of the weaknesses	data structure and IT landscape -> Identification of strengths and	PM-M2.2 Evaluation of usage data
2.	Determination of strategies to achi	the technology maturity level and process maturity level -> Derivation of eve a better maturity level	PM-T2.4 Maturity level table for digital twins
3.	Identification of p general barriers t	otentials and barriers to the introduction of DT (see project objectives and o DT)	PM-M2.3 Modified SWOT analysis
4.	Deriving strategie	es for utilizing potential and overcoming barriers	

e	🗰 💡 Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	TUT
Ind	ex	_ Title	ر Link to the Procedure Model _
PN	1-A2.5	Derive implementation strategies	
۲Pri	ority	overall Objective	<u> </u>
	Must-have	PM-D2.2	
Pro	ocedure		<pre>Methods & Tools</pre>
1.	Evaluation of the weaknesses	data structure and IT landscape -> Identification of strengths and	PM-M2.2 Evaluation of usage data
2.	Identification of p general barriers t	otentials and barriers to the introduction of DT (see project objectives and o DT)	PM-M2.3 Modified SWOT analysis
3.	Deriving strategie	es for utilizing potential and overcoming barriers	

•••••• 💡 Acti	vity – How can the goal be reached?	
Index	Title	Link to the Procedure Model
PM-A2.6	Benchmark possible providers	
Priority	Coverall Objective	
Nice-To-Have	PM-D2.2	
Procedure		Methods & Tools
1. Determination	of possible implementation partners	
2. Definition of ev	aluation dimensions	
3. Collection of da	ta on the evaluation dimensions for each implementation partner	
4. Analysis and co	omparison of data (identification of performance gaps/strengths)	
5. Determination	of one or two selected implementation partners	
 Determination of Definition of ev Collection of da Analysis and co Determination of 	of possible implementation partners aluation dimensions ata on the evaluation dimensions for each implementation partner omparison of data (identification of performance gaps/strengths) of one or two selected implementation partners	

()	• Q Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	TUT
_Index		_ Title	Link to the Procedure Model
P٨	I-A3.1	Develop target concept	
Pri	ority	overall Objective	
	Must-have	PM-D3.1	
Pro	ocedure		ر Methods & Tools
1.	Identify and mark	possible interfaces	PM-M3.1 Interface analysis
2.	Development of a Determination of	a possible target process flow, based on the marked interfaces -> DT functions	PM-M3.2 Target process flow concept
3.	Development of a	a corresponding target process environment -> Determination of the DT	PM-M3.3 Target process environment design
4.	Development of a	a target data structure -> Determination of the functionality of the DT	PM-M3.4 Target data structure concept
5.	Final check of the	e target concept	PM-13.1 Checklist target concept

Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	TUT
Index	_Title	_ Link to the Procedure Model _
PM-A3.2	Analyze changes to the current situation	
Priority	رOverall Objective	
Nice-To-Have	PM-D3.2	
Procedure		Methods & Tools
1. Documenting the	changed activities in the process flow	
2. Analysis of chang	ges to the process environment (architecture, hardware, software)	
3. Analysis of chang	ges in the data/information flow or data structure	
4. Redefinition of st	akeholder responsibilities and activities in the target concept	PM-M3.4 RACI technique

	vity – How can the goal be reached?	ТШТ
Index		Link to the Procedure Model
PM-A3.3	Overall Objective	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
Must-have	PM-D3.3	
Procedure		Methods & Tools
1. Defining the rec	uest format	PM-T3.2 Specification format
2. Definition of a "t	ransfer key" for transferring the previous work results to the specifications	PM-T3.3 Record template
3. Transfer of the	previous work results into the requirement format	PM-M3.6 Analysis of the user
4. Deriving the requirements		perspective
5. Documentation of the requirements in the specifications		

Activity – How can the goal be reached?					
.Index	x	_ Title	Link to the Procedure Model		
PM-A	\3.4	Derive initial roadmap for implementation			
Prior	rity Should-Have	Overall Objective PM-D3.4	🛛 🖉 🕅 🔪 🦆 🔪		
Proc	edure		ر Methods & Tools		
1. D 2. D sy	Derive measures Derive measures ystems, new too	that need to be implemented on the system (e.g. new sensor) that need to be taken on tools and the IT landscape (e.g. new linking of IT ls)	PM-M3.7 Determination of data requirements PM-T3.4 Rough implementation		
 Derive measures regarding changing activities and responsibilities of the organization (e.g. adaptation of existing processes, new skills required) 		regarding changing activities and responsibilities of the organization (e.g. sting processes, new skills required)	Tournap		
4. P	4. Prioritize measures and estimate the time required				
5. P	5. Putting measures in a logical chronological order				

	tivity – How can the goal be reached?	TUT
PM-A4.1	Create specifications (with provider)	Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	Overall Objective PM-D4.1	<u> </u>
Procedure_		_ Methods & Tools
1. Definition of	the specification format	PM-T4.1 Specification format
2. Checking the consistency and feasibility of the requirements in the specifications (provider)		PM-T3.3 Record template
3. Development of the technical implementation of the requirements by detailing them with regard to realization (provider)		PM-T3.3 Record template
4. Definition of	test cases and acceptance criteria	
5. Documentat	tion of the realization in the specifications (provider)	
6. Acceptance	of the specifications	

	ivity – How can the goal be reached?	TUTT
Index	Title	Link to the Procedure Model
PM-A4.2	Detailing the implementation roadmap	
Priority	Overall Objective	📃 🛛 🎯 》 🛍 》 🖓 💰 🔌 🍥 🗍
Must-have	PM-D4.2	
Procedure		Methods & Tools
1. Defining the v	vork packages from the rough roadmap and the specifications	PM-T4.3 Implementation roadmap template
 Defining the v Assigning role 	vork packages from the rough roadmap and the specifications es to the individual work packages	PM-T4.3 Implementation roadmap template

4. Check and review the roadmap

•	🔹 💡 Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	ΠΠ
inc ا		Title	Link to the Procedure Model
Pr Pr	iority Should-Have	Overall Objective	
Pro	ocedure		Methods & Tools
1.	Comparison of re	quirements specification and functional specification	-
2.	Selection of the p	rovider	
3.	Adaptation of the	target concept as required	
4.	Checking the imp	lementation roadmap for potential problems/barriers	
5.	Adaptation of the	implementation roadmap	
6.	Grant approval fo	r implementation	

Activ	rity – How can the goal be reached?	TUT
	Title	Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	Overall Objective	
Must-have	PM-D5.1	
Procedure		Methods & Tools
1. Selection of the	pilot team	-
2. Determining the	procedure for piloting	
3. Realization of the	e implementation based on the roadmap and piloting of the use case	

	* Q Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	TUT
رInd	lex	_ Title	ر Link to the Procedure Model _
PN	A-A5.2	Check and adopt piloting	
Pri	ority	Coverall Objective	
	Must-have	PM-D5.1	
Pro	ocedure		ے Methods & Tools
1.	Checking the fun criteria	ctionality of the digital twin based on the previously defined acceptance	-
2.	Verification of full	fillment of the requirements in the specifications	
3.	Transfer of the pi	lot project to normal operation	

o XIII III	• 🖉 Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?		ΤЛ
مام	ex	CTitle	Link to the Procedure	Model _
PM	-A5.3	Train and support users		
Pric	ority	_ Overall Objective	🖉 🖉 🖾 渊 🖓 🔄	š 🔪 👰 🔪
	Should-Have	PM-D5.2		
Pro	cedure		Methods & Tools	
1.	Definition of a tra	ining concept, including training documents	-	
2.	Creation of traine	er documents		
3.	Description of the	e training implementation (content and organization)		
4.	Implementation c	of the training concept		

Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	ТШТ
Index	_ Title	Link to the Procedure Model
PM-A5.4	Communicating changes within the company	
Priority	_ Overall Objective	@ 》 @ 》 Ç= 》 & 》 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Should-Have	PM-D5.2	
Procedure		Methods & Tools
1. Dealing with the	emotions of employees	PM-M5.1 Change Barometer
2. Creation of a cor	nmunication concept with measures, target groups and frequency	PM-T5.1 Direct/indirect communication
3. Use of communication measures		

	vity – How can the goal be reached?	TUT
PM-A5.5	Title Create lessons learned	Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	Overall Objective	
Procedure		Methods & Tools
1. Collection of exp	perience from previous steps	PM-T5.2 Retrospective methods
2. Derivation and d	ocumentation of lessons learned	
3. Conception of th	e integration of lessons learned	

	ivity – How can the goal be reached?	
Index		Link to the Procedure Model _
PM-ASY.1	Analyze correlations of use cases	
Priority	Overall Objective	
Must-have	PM-DSY.1	
Procedure		Methods & Tools
1. Determination	of the main fields of investigation or related domains	PM-TSY.1 Digital twin meta model
2. Closer examir	nation of the main fields of investigation	PM-TSY.2 Link matrix
3. Identification of	of synergies between the use cases	
4. Deriving poter	ntial uses for the roadmap for implementing the use cases	

Activ	ity – How can the goal be reached?	ТЛП
Index	_ Title	ر Link to the Procedure Model
PM-ASY.2	Synchronize use case implementations	
Priority	PM-DSY.2	
Procedure		Methods & Tools
Coordination of the f	unctionality of the individually implemented use cases with the help of the	-
Identified similarities	and differences	

Activity – How can the goal be reached?			TUT
Indے	ex	_ Title	Link to the Procedure Model
PM	I-ASY.3	Plan the next steps	
Pri	ority	Overall Objective	@ » m » 🖓 🖓 🕺 👌
	Nice-To-Have	PM-DSY.3	
Procedure			Methods & Tools
1.	Analysis of the cu	urrent status after implementation	-
2. Comparison of the current status with the original implementation plan and the implementation strategies			
3. Adaptation and modification of the original implementation plan			
4.	Definition of the r	next steps based on the updated implementation plan	


Index____ PM-M1.2

Modified 9-field method

Title.

Application for...

PM-A1.2

Procedure / Description _

- 1. Determine the current situation of the system in the company based on the definition of the digital twin (tile in the middle left)
- 2. Abstraction at super-system level and concretization at subsystem level
- Defining the medium-term and long-term position of the digital twin in the company

Visualization / Example _



Ø

Link to the Procedure Model _

References & Links _

[Ehrlenspiel, 2017 p.549ff], [Mahlau, 2018 p.66f]

Templates

PM-M1.2 Modified 9-field method

Index _____ PM-M1.3

Development of project goals

Application for...

PM-A1.2

Procedure / Description _____

- 1. Definition of a global/coarse target
- 2. Derive further project objectives under the key question: WHAT is to be achieved within the framework of the project?

Global/coarse target:

Brief, concise description of the project task that characterizes the final state to be achieved [Kuster.2008 p.356].

• What is to be achieved? (quality, functionality, scope)

. Title ___

- Who should achieve this? (person, group of persons)
- When should this be achieved? (Time limit)
- How is this to be achieved? (cost framework)

Visualization / Example _____



Reducing the spread of damage to the pump in the event of defects occurring in the system. Implementation of the project within six months with a project manager and a core team consisting of business, engineering and IT specialists.

Ø

Link to the Procedure Model _

Project goals:

Automatic stop of the system if a defect is detected.

Improving trust in digitalization technologies, including digital twins.

References & Links _____

[Kuster, 2008 p.352ff]

Templates .

Methods & Tools – How can the a Index PM-M1.4 Structuring project goals Application for PM-A1.2 Precedure / Description	ctivities be supported?	دo the Procedure Model ــ کی کی ک
 Classification into outcome objectives (describe the product after completion of the project) and process objectives (describe the project approach) [Drews, 2021 p.44] Creation of target classes 	Result targets	Procedure goals
3. Classification of detailed objectives into target classes	E.g.: performance/quality targets, deadline target, economic targets	E.g.: Defined milestones, use of certain tools, requirements to avoid disruptions
References & Links [Drews, 2021 p.44]	Templates	

Methods & Tools – How can the a	ctivities be supported?
_Index	Link to the Procedure Model
PM-T1.3 Evaluation criteria for the introduction of metho	ods
Application for	
Procedure / Description	Visualization / Example
Run through the evaluation criteria to generate project objectives.	 Internal stakeholder satisfaction → Has the quality of a work product created in a process step and used by an internal customer been improved? Production costs → Are production costs reduced in an initial estimate? Defects → Was the number of defects in the production process reduced at a certain point in time? Workload → Has unnecessary workload due to faulty processes been minimized? Process time → Has the time taken to complete a process been reduced? Preparation time → Has the time for preparing the activity been reduced? Coordination → Has the effort required to coordinate different activities been reduced?
References & Links	Templates
[Stetter, 2000 p.143]	· ·

🖙 💥 Meth	ods & Tools – How car	the activities be suppo	orted?	IIII IIII
Index	_ Title		Link to	the Procedure Model _
PM-T1.4	SMART target definition			
Application for.				Ŵ <u>》</u>
Procedure / Des	scription	Visualization / Exam	ple	
Formulate goals acc	ording to the SMART criteria.	S = Specific M = Measurable A = Attractive R = Realistic T = Terminated		
_ References & L	inks	Templates		
[Drews, 2021 p.43],	[Kuster, 2008 p.354]	-		

Metho	ods & Tools – How can the a	ctivities be suppo	rted?
rIndex	r ^{Title}		. Link to the Procedure Model -
PM-T1.5	Project objectives checklist		
Application for.			<u>`````````````````````````````````````</u>
Procedure / Des	scription	, Visualization / Examp	le
Final check to ensure formulated.	e that the project objectives have been properly	 Do the objectives match of the use cases? Are the goals SMART (S Time-bound)? Are goals mutually exclu Does one goal interfere Does the pursuit of one goal Is there an overall objectives? Are the objectives known participants? 	the project brief and the benefit aspects Specific, Measurable, Actual, Realistic, asive? with the fulfillment of another? goal simultaneously promote another? tive and associated more detailed in and understood by all project
, References & L	inks	_ Templates	
[Drews, 2021 p.44]		-	

Index____ PM-M1<u>.5</u>

Use case categorization

_ Title _____

Application for...

PM-A1.3

Procedure / Description _____

- 1. Specify categories for clustering use cases. General categories could be "benefiting stakeholders", "lifecycle phase", or "input data".
- 2. Define the attributes of the categories.
- 3. Build a Domain-Mapping Matrix (DMM) of use cases and attribute
- 4. Calculate the Design Structure Matrix (DSM) by multiplying the DMM with its transposed matrix (cf. visualization)
- 5. Cluster DSM to identify commonalities in use cases.
- 6. Calculate combined benefit effort for the clusters to select the most promising one.

. References & Links _____

Lindemann et al. (2008)



Ø

Link to the Procedure Model

Templates _

Index____ PM-M1.6

Benefit-Effort Portfolio

Title_

Application for...

PM-A1.3

Procedure / Description _____



- 1. Present consolidated use cases in a workshop with all relevant stakeholders
- 2. Select a scale for the assessment. E.g. 1-5 for a linear scale or 1-3-9 for a progressive. Best practice is to do both and compare the outcome.
- 3. Let all participants anonymously assess the use cases' benefit
- 4. Let all participants anonymously assess the use cases' effort
- 5. Map all use cases in a portfolio
- 6. Identify use cases with the best benefit/effort ratio





Ø

Link to the Procedure Model _

References & Links _____

Templates.

Lindemann (2009)

Index____ PM-M1.7

Cluster analysis

Title_

Application for...

PM-A1.3

Procedure / Description _____

- 1. Creation of clusters in the Portfolio diagram
- 2. Creation of clusters in the network graph
- 3. Creation of clusters in the influence matrix
- 4. Merging the cluster results
- 5. Critical scrutiny of the clusters created

Visualization / Example _____







_ Link to the Procedure Model _

Ø

References & Links _____

Templates .

Methods & Tools – How can the activities be supported? Index_____ _ Title _____ Link to the Procedure Model _ PM-M1.8 Pairwise Comparison & Weighted Scoring Analysis Ø Application for... **PM-A1.3** Procedure / Description _____ Visualization / Example _____ Pairwise Comparison: 1. Put the elements in columns and rows of a matrix. 2. Assess for each cell, whether the element in the row is less important (-1), equally important (0) or more important (1), than the column. "A is more important/ Better than C" Weight Options 3. Calculate row sums to derive scoring. Sum В OA OR Weighted Scoring Analysis: **Resulting Ranking** Select relevant criteria p_{B1} p_{A1} ____Δ -1 C_1 W_1 Criteria 2. Weigh the criteria using pairwise comparison $p_{B1} * w_1$ $p_{A1} * w_1$ 3. Score the options with respect to the criteria using pairwise B p_{A2} p_{B2} comparison C_2 W_2 Multiply the scores by the associated weights С $p_{B2} * w_2$ $p_{A2} * w_2$ Total the weighted scores Rank the options and decide $\sum p_{Ai} * w_i$ $\sum p_{Bi} * w_i$ Sum Rank . References & Links _____ Templates _ **Pairwise Comparison** Lindemann (2009), Daenzer et al. (2002)

Index _____ PM-T1.6

Abstracted use cases

Application for...

PM-A1.3

Procedure / Description _____

Derivation of specific use cases for the use case at hand by specifying abstracted use cases.

. Title _____

Visualization / Example _____

"In the Predictive Maintenance Use Case the current condition of wear components is observed and compared with usage specifications in order to derive a forecast of the remaining useful lifetime." [Gundlach, 2022 p.28]

Ø

Link to the Procedure Model _

→ In order to avoid downtimes and to utilize the service life of current components (e.g. pump), components should be replaced in good time and appropriately as part of strategically planned maintenance work. In addition, the procurement of spare parts should be carried out in a timely and controlled manner.

References & Links _____

[Gundlach, 2022]

Templates

Methodology for creating abstracted use cases





Index____ PM-T1<u>.9</u>

Network graph/influence matrix

Application for...

PM-A1.3

Procedure / Description _____

Netgraph

Representation of the use cases as nodes with a certain size, which results from the benefit-effort ratio (the higher the benefit with low effort, the larger the node)

. Title _____

Based on the assigned attributes from the categorization, connections are created between the nodes, depending on how many overlapping attributes two use cases have. The more overlaps, the thicker and redder the connecting line is displayed.

Influence matrix

- 1. Transfer of the categorization into a matrix format (domain mapping matrix) Use Case Attribute
- 2. Visualization of the connections of the use cases by matrix multiplication -> Use Case Use Case (Design Structure Matrix)

Visualization / Example _____





Link to the Procedure Model _

Ø

. References & Links _____

[Lindemann, 2009]

Templates -

Matlab network graph

_ Title _____

Index____ PM-T1.10

Strategy roadmap

Application for...

PM-A1.3

Procedure / Description _____

Prioritization and planning of the introduction of the use cases

- Determining the sequence of the individual use case implementations
- The steps can run in parallel or one after the other
- Steps can also wait for the completion of another use case step, e.g. if synchronization is required
- It should start with the most promising use case -> easy to implement and highly visible benefits (quick win) -> relevance of the digital twin is made clear

-> Complexity reduction through strategy development for the implementation sequence of the use cases -> Additional delimitation of the project focus

Visualization / Example _____



Ø

Link to the Procedure Model _

. References & Links _____

Templates.

PM-T1.10 Strategy roadmap

Index_____ PM-T1.12

Implementation plan for digital twins

Application for...

PM-A1.4

Procedure / Description _____

Localization of the characteristics of the dimensions for the given project:

Factual dimension

• Object dimension \rightarrow How much should be introduced?

_ Title _____

- Context dimension → Where should be introduced?
 Behavioral dimension
- How is it introduced?

Visualization / Example _____



ø

Link to the Procedure Model

References & Links _____

[Stöhr, 2018 p.86f], [Daniel, 2001]



Meth	ods & Tools – How can th	e activities be supported?
Index PM-T1.14	List of questions Resource requirements	Link to the Procedure Model
Application for PM-A1.5		
Procedure / De Supporting question	scription	 Visualization / Example
References & L [Drews, 2021 p.74f]	.inks	Templates

Index_____ PM-T1.<u>15</u>

Use case template rough

Application for...

PM-A1.3

Procedure / Description _____

Template for collecting initial use case ideas that can be used for categorization.

.Title_

, References & Links ___

[Mahlau, 2018 p.86]

Visualization / Example _____

Collection of rough use cases of the digital twin						
Use case title	Explanation	Source	Stakeholder	Problem		
ldea 1	Description 1	Source 1	Stakeholder X	Problem 1, Problem 2, 		
ldea 2	Description 2	Source 2	Stakeholder Y	Problem 3, Problem 4, 		

Ø

_ Link to the Procedure Model _

Templates

PM-T1.15 Use case template coarse

Methods & Tools – How can the activities be supported? . Title _____ Link to the Procedure Model Index_ **PM-T2.1** Use Case Template Application for... PM-A2.1, PM-A2.2, PM-A2.3, PM-A3.1 Procedure / Description _____ Visualization / Example _____ Step-by-step documentation of all results for the use case from As-is Process As-is Data đ WHAT is the Use As-is Target Target Target Data Business Overview steps one to three (S1-S3). Case? environment Structure Process Environment Structure Info map 1 Title: Contents: Problem Goal Stakeholder Overview of the use case Business model of the use case 3 Recording the current situation Target concept m L, User Stories Value Effort Implementation roadmap Simulation Additional information Network Product: Use Phase Data: 5 Process: Use Phase Data Source Virtual Model , References & Links __ Templates

Based on [Mahlau, 2018 p.85f]

PM-T2.1 Use Case Template

\gtrsim Methods & Tools – How can the activities be supported? Title. Link to the Procedure Model _ Index. **PM-T2.2 CPS Modeling Kanvas** Application for... PM-A2.1 Visualization / Example _ Procedure / Description ____ To create the digital twin environment, the questions from the CPS Information Processing Networked Subsystems **Basic System** modeling canvas can be answered in sequence. This allows the What is the physical What are the options for the Which other systems does the components of the digital twin to be systematically developed. basic system? subsystem to process subsystem interact with? information? e.g. Separator e.g. Industrial-PC e.g. Manufacturing Exectution Systems Sensory Communication Data Which interfaces does the Which sensors for the acqui-Which other systems does the sition of physical quantities system have for communicating subsystem interact with? does the subsystem have? with other systems?

, References & Links _

[Westermann, 2018]

Templates

e.g. Vibration

Sensors Actuatory

Which actuators does the

physical processes?

e.g. Drives, Valves

subsystem have to influence

e.g. Industrial Ethernet

Human-Machine-Interface

[Westermann, 2018 p.3045]

Which human-machine-inter

faces does the subsystem

e.g. Touchscreen

have?

e.g. Operating Data

Services

Are there services in the con-

text of the subsystem that are based on the collection and

interpretation of data? (((e.g. Condition Monitoring

Methods & Tools – How can the a	ctivities be supported?
Index Title PM-T2.3 Questionnaire Modeling data structure Application for PM-A2.3	Link to the Procedure Model
Procedure / Description	Visualization / Example
Run through the questionnaire as a support for recording the elements and linking the data structure.	PrioritizationQuestionsPrimary - Basic elements• Which events/states are associated with the use case at the beginning and at the end (e.g. normal operation, system failure,)?Primary - Networking• Where does the data/information required for activities/functions come from?Secondary - Specification• How can the data/information be described in terms of content and form?Based on [Mablau, 2018 p.75f]
References & Links	Templates
Based on [Mahlau, 2018 p.75f]	PM-T2.3 Questionnaire Modeling data structure,

PM-T2.4

Maturity level table for digital twins

Application for...

PM-A2.4

Procedure / Description _____

Classification of the recorded current situation in a maturity level table for digital twins \rightarrow awareness of where the current position is and starting point for the development of measures to achieve a higher digital twin level.

. References & Li<mark>nks _</mark>

[Neelam, 2018 p.6], [Schweigert-Recksiek, 2022]

Visualization / Example _____

Digital Model	Digital Thread	Digital Shadow	Digital Twin	
Descriptive	Diagnostic	Predictive	Prescriptive	Data Analytics Level
Manual	Manual & Automated	Unidirectionally Automated	Bidirectionally Automated	Data Connection Requirement
Monitoring	Control	Optimization	Autonomy	Level of Decision Making
Medium	Medium - High	High	Very High	Effort

Templates

PM-T2.4 Maturity level table for digital twins

Index____ PM-M2.1

Swimlane diagram

Title _____

Application for...

PM-A2.2

Procedure / Description _____

- 1. Structure of the pool (delimitation of the process under consideration and definition of the level of detail)
- 2. Classification of the lanes (determination of the units involved in the process)
- 3. Definition of activities (recording activities and their sequence)
- 4. Marking of dependencies (networking of activities with arrows)

Visualization / Example _____



_ Link to the Procedure Model _

. References & Links _

[LucidChart, 2022], [ViCon, 2022]

Templates

PM-T2.1 Use Case Template

Index____ PM-M2.2

Evaluation of usage data

.Title ___

Application for… _____

PM-A2.4, PM-A2.5

Procedure / Description _____

- 1. Determining the relevance of data quality dimensions for the use case at hand
- 2. Evaluation of the individual criteria with selected evaluation scale (e.g. 1-5)
- 3. Justification of the assessment if necessary
- 4. Deriving problems from usage data
- 5. Proposal of a solution approach for the derived problems

Visualization / Example _____

Detemphone	Detenguelitätedimension	Relevanz für	Erfüllungsgrad für den Use Case		Erfüllungsgrad für den Use Case	
Datemphase	Datenqualitatsuimension	den Use Case	hoch	och mittel niedrig		Anmerkung/Beschreibung
	Daten Menge*	4		Х		
Datenquelle	Genauigkeit*	3			х	
	Vollständigkeit*	1	Х			
	Zugänglichkeit*					
Deteretionalis	Zugangssicherheit*					
Datenstrecke	Zeitnähe*					
a Zugrin	Speicherung*					
	Vernetzung*					
Delifium n /	Glaubwürdigkeit*					
Prurung /	Prüfbarkeit*					
visualisierung	Überwachung*					
D () () ()	Strukturgrad					
Datenimport &	Einheitlichkeit*					
Integartion	Importierbarkeit*					

Link to the Procedure Model _

. References & Links _

Based on [Mahlau, 2018]

Templates

PM-M2.2 Evaluation of usage data

Index_____ PM-M2.3

Modified SWOT analysis

. Title _____

Application for...

PM-A2.5

Procedure / Description _____

SWOT is a method to assess a businesses or project's internal Strengths, and Weaknesses and external Opportunities, and Threats.

- Strengths: attributes that help to outperform others
- Weaknesses: elements of the business or project that give a disadvantage to others
- **Opportunities**: aspects of the environment in which the company is operating, that could be used for an advantage.
- **Threats**: aspects of the environment in which the company is operating, that might impede the progress of the business or project.
- 1. Identify the internal (Strength & Weaknesses) and external factors (Opportunities & Threats) in a workshop (e.g. using brainstorming)
- 2. Assess and identify the most crucial factors
- 3. Derive relations existing between internal and external features. E.g. how can opportunities be turned into strengths? How can strengths be used to overcome threats?

. References & Links _____

Lindemann (2009), Thompson and Martin (2010)



Visualization / Example _____

	Helpful	Harmful
Internal	STRENGTHS	WEEKNESSES
External	OPPORTUNITIES	THREATS

Templates

PM-M2.3 Modified SWOT analysis

Index____ PM-M<u>3.1</u>

Interface analysis

Title _____

Application for...

PM-A3.1

Procedure / Description _____

- 1. Using the implementation strategies, weaknesses and potentials, consider possible characteristics of the DT
- 2. Insert DT with its characteristics mentally
- 3. Consider which areas are influenced by the DT
- 4. Consider which activities in these areas would be affected by the DT
- 5. Marking the areas and activities in the process flow, process environment and data structure

Visualization / Example _____



Link to the Procedure Model _

Templates

PM-T2.1 Use Case Template

. References & Links __

[Mahlau, 2018 p.102]

PM-M3.2

Target process flow Concept

Application for...

PM-A3.1

Procedure / Description _____

- 1. From the implementation strategy and the interfaces, consider the functions of the DT
- 2. Consider where and how functions are added, omitted, outsourced, combined or parallelized, see [Gadatsch, 2010 p.21]
- 3. Analyzing changes in decision-making processes

_Title __

4. Analyze changes to the storage of data in system anchors

Visualization / Example _____



_ Link to the Procedure Model _

, References & Links _____

[Gadatsch, 2010 p.21], [Mahlau, 2018 p.102f]

Templates

PM-T2.1 Use Case Template

Methods & Tools – How can the activities be supported? _ Title ____ Link to the Procedure Model _ Index_ **PM-M3.3** Target process environment concept Application for... PM-A3.1 Procedure / Description _____ Visualization / Example _____ 1. DT architecture superior **Physical** Digital 2. Insert required architectural elements at the marked interfaces Data Graphic recipient surface 3. Inserting additional components (e.g. system anchors, sensors, Sensors actuators) Model block 4. Check whether the proposed architecture fulfills the functions of OPC UA Control the DT Server unit Control block Actuators Data transmitter [Andrade, 2022 p.136] . References & Links _____ **Templates** . [Andrade, 2022 p.136] PM-T2.1 Use Case Template

PM-M3.4

Target data structure Concept

Application for...

PM-A3.1

Procedure / Description _____

- 1. Transferring the additionally inserted architecture elements and components from the target process environment
- 2. Transferring the changed activities from the target process flow
- 3. Enter changed data/information flows or adapt the data structure to the changes

Title.

Visualization / Example _____



Link to the Procedure Model _

. References & Links _____

Templates

PM-T2.1 Use Case Template

PM-M3.5

RACI technology

Title _____

Application for...

PM-A3.2

Procedure / Description _____

- 1. Transferring the decision nodes (diamonds in the swimlane diagram) from the process flow
- 2. Entering the roles involved and the DT
- 3. Assign the attributes E (decision-maker) / M (co-decisionmaker) / I (to inform) / B (advisor)
- 4. Derive the overall responsibilities of each role



_ Link to the Procedure Model _

Templates

PM-M3.5 Template RACI technique

. References & Links _____

[Saygin, 2019 p.56f]

Index____ PM-M3.6

Analysis of the user perspective

Application for...

PM-A3.3

Procedure / Description _____

1. Defining the relevant stakeholders for the use case

_ Title

- 2. Definition of representative personas for the identified stakeholders -> profile, key needs, key pains
- 3. Collection of the previously defined user stories and assignment to the personas
- 4. Deriving characteristics of the digital twin
- 5. Determining the user perspective on the tools and communication used

Visualization / Example _____



nicht vorhanden und er muss

Defekt von Anfang an bekannt, weswegen er

"Pragmatischer Service-Mitarbeiter", PETER

Als Wartungspersonal möchte ich möglichst einfache und gut zugängliche Bauteile

ersetzen, damit ich die Reparaturzeit reduzieren kann und nicht auf Spezialwissen/-

()

"Die Reparaturarbeiten der Arbeiten sollten sich einfach durchführbar und in geringem Ausmaß gestalten, damit wir den geplanten Betrieb nicht zu lange stören."

Link to the Procedure Model _

Profil U Peter, 22 Jahre at Ledig set 2 Jahren als Wartungsmtarbeter im

Millementence, Techokaffe, let id ef diglean Wet werkzauge angewissen bin Wetz, aber kind Skorzad Datati ZVM NA Wattungspersonal mochthe ich auf die genaue Stelle des Problems in der Anlage Image werkzauge angewissen bin NA Wattungspersonal mochthe ich auf die genaue Stelle des Problems in der Anlage Image werkzauge angewissen bin NA Wattungspersonal mochthe ich auf die genaue Stelle des Problems in der Anlage Image werkzauge angewissen bin Na Wattungspersonal mochthe ich auf die genaue Stelle des Problems in der Anlage For der Beganatir Monkows Rubelte sit sower Digital Twin Charakteristika stadig umd 1 Stadient sit dozdawissen und Digital Twin Charakteristika stadig umd 1 Verwendet Betriebsdaten der Anlage zur Identifikation von Verwendet Betriebsdaten der Anlage

 Verwendet Betriebsdaten der Anlage zur Identifikation von Fehlern in der Anlage und defekten Bautellen

 Verbindet Produktion und Reparatur/Wartung Tool(s) & Kommunikation <u>
Tools</u> Für die Identifikation von Defekten

Anlage soll in Zukunft eine digitale Unterstützung zur Verfügung stehen

<u>mmunikation</u> Für die Kommunikation von Defekten verwendet er ein Ticketsystem, das er gern auch in Zukunft verwenden will, wobeidiess an manchen Stellen erwetert werden sollte başw. um mehr Informationen zur Reparatu kommunizieren zu können

θı

. References & Links _____

[Mahlau, 2018 p.116f]

Templates

PM-M3.6 Persona template

PM-M3.7

Determination of data requirements

Application for...

PM-A3.4

Procedure / Description _____

1. List of all existing data points from situation analysis

_ Title ___

- 2. Supplementing the data list with additionally required data points from the target concept
- 3. Evaluation of the data points
- 4. Deriving strategies for data management

Visualization / Example _____



Link to the Procedure Model _

. References & Links _____

[Saygin, 2019 p.43ff]

Templates .

🚥 🔀 Meth	nods & Tools – How can the	activities be supp	orted?
Index	nc ^{Title}		Link to the Procedure Model _
PM-T3.1	Checklist target concept		
Application for	·		│ _ @ 》 ௴ <mark>》 ♀</mark> _ 》 ੴ 》 `Ŷ`
Procedure / De	escription	Visualization / Exam	ple
Checking the key points of the checklist for the target concept to verify the completeness and quality of the target concept.		 Are all new activities noted and in the correct form (noun + verb)? Are the links with the digital twin clear? Have all user interfaces been taken into account? Are decisions meaningful and fully labeled? Is the timing correct? Has the architecture of the system been sufficiently supplemented to enable the functions/activities? Have the data/information flows been rearranged to guarantee the functionality of the DT? Are all elements fully and completely labeled? 	
References &	Links	Templates	
[Mahlau, 2018 p.10	14]	-	

Methods & Tools – How can the activities be supported? Index___ Title _____ Link to the Procedure Model _ **PM-T3.2** Specification format ()Application for... PM-A3.3 Procedure / Description _____ Visualization / Example _____ Example format for the specification sheet. Table of contents: The task definition makes up the main part of the document with 1. Introduction to the project requirements and tasks. 2. Description of the initial situation Task 3. 4. Requirements for project management .References & Links _ Templates [VDI3694, 2014], [Mahlau, 2018 p.113ff] PM-T3.2 Template specification sheet


Methods & Tools – How can the activities be supported?

Index____ PM-T3<u>.4</u>

Rough roadmap for implementation

Application for...

PM-A3.4

Procedure / Description _____

Applying the identified changes to the system, the tools/IT landscape and the processes/organization on a timeline. Consideration of the degree of novelty as an indicator of the implementation effort.

Title.

Degree of novelty:

- How new is the technology on the market?
- How new is the technology for the company?

Visualization / Example _____



Link to the Procedure Model _

. References & Links _

[Stöhr, 2018 p.99]

Templates

PM-T3.4 Rough implementation roadmap template

Methods & Tools – How can the a	ctivities be supported?	ПШ
Index Title PM-T4.1 Specification format	Link to the Procedu	ure Model _
PM-A4.1		
Procedure / Description	Visualization / Example	X X Requirement 1 0 1 X X Requirement 2 1D 2 X Requirement 3 1D 3 X Requirement 4 1D 4
ر References & Links	Templates	
[VDI3694, 2014]	PM-T4.1 Requirements specification template, PM-T4.1 Requirements solution matrix	



Methods & Tools – How can the activities be supported?

Index _____ PM-T4.3

Implementation roadmap template

Application for...

PM-A4.2

Procedure / Description _____

Enter the created work packages in the intended format.

_Title __

- Enter the created test cases in the intended format.
- Assigning responsibilities, processors and supporters to the work packages and test cases.
- Creation of a logical chronological sequence of work packages and test cases.

Visualization / Example _____



		Arbeitspaket		
Nr.:	Name	Verantwortlich	Bearbeiter	Unterstütze
1				
	Teillösung	Zugeor	dnete Anforde	rungen
		Aufgabenbeschreibung	1	

		Test Case		
Nr.:	Name	Verantwortlich	Bearbeiter	Unterstützer
1				
Beschreibung		oung	Abnahmekriterium	

Link to the Procedure Model _

Templates

PM-T4.3 Implementation roadmap template

. References & Links _____

[Saygin, 2019 p.56f]



Methods & Tools – How can the a Index Title PM-T5.1 Direct/indirect communication Application for PM-A5.4	activities be supported?
Procedure / Description	Visualization / Example Direct communication: • Project Kick-Off • Works meetings • Project information event • Conversations or group discussions Indirect communication: • Notices • Video messages • Emails • Employee survey • Intranet portal • Social Media
. References & Links	Templates
[Leiting 2021 p 107]	-



Methods & Tools – How can the activities be supported?

Index____ PM-M5.5 Title _____ User Story Risk Map

Application for...

PM-A5.1, PM-A5.2

Procedure / Description _____

Every open user story is placed within the user story risk map with special regard to external factors like the probability of a part from a supplier not being delivered in time or a person getting ill so that they can no longer perform the tasks they have been assigned. As a result, all open user stories are assigned to one of the three categories Low Risk Zone, Observation Zone, Problem Zone

Low Risk Zone: As there is no high damage to be feared and the probability of not being able to complete a user story is not very high, no further measures have to be taken. A standard sprint planning according to the given prioritization can be performed.

Observation Zone: In contrast to the standard Scrum procedure of evaluating outcomes at the end of a sprint, user stories in the observation zone might need more management attention in order not to pose a threat to the overall project goals. Therefore, additional short reviews within the sprint just regarding these specific user stories shall be performed. Depending on the chosen sprint length, there might be two or even more short reviews in the duration of one sprint.

Problem Zone: As they set the overall project at risk, user stories in the problem zone have to be dealt with immediately. Counter measures like early warnings towards the costumer, a reduction of the expected outcome, a weakening of some acceptance criteria, an increase of resources, or the prioritization in relation to other projects have to be chosen. As in the observation zone, some shorter review cycles should be installed, leading to some short reviews within the sprint to check the effectiveness of counter measures and whether other immediate measures are necessary

References & Links _____

Visualization / Example _____



Link to the Procedure Model

Templates .

[Trauer et al. 2020]

Methods & Tools – How can the activities be supported? Index____ _Title ___ Link to the Procedure Model _ PM-MSY.1 Digital twin meta model (I) <u>)</u> Application for... PM-ASY.1 Procedure / Description _____ Visualization / Example _____ Select the domains (fields) that are relevant for further analysis of the relationships. 958 078 ğ A ----Hängt A zusammen mit ---verwendet Erzeugt Mehrwert für ğ Hängt zusammen mit [Mahlau, 2018 p.109]

, References & Links _____

[Mahlau, 2018 p.108f]

Templates .

PM-TSY.1 Digital twin meta model

Index______ Title______ Title______

PM-TSY.2

Link matrix

Application for...

PM-ASY.1

Procedure / Description _____

Identify the domain-specific relationships between the use cases.

- 1. Defining the rows and column elements from the meta model
- 2. Define categories of row and column elements if necessary
- 3. Determine the evaluation scheme for the degree of correlation
- 4. Evaluating the correlations

Visualization / Example _____



<u>@</u>-

Based on [Mahlau, 2018 p.111]

. References & Links _____

[Mahlau, 2018 p.108f]

Templates -

PM-TSY.2 Link matrix

Deliverable –	What has to be achieved?	
PM-D1.1 Title Basic und	derstanding of the Digital Twin concept	Link to the Procedure Model _
Priority Input fo	r	© > m > ~ > ~ >
Content	Goal	Check List
 Definition of a Digital Twin Characteristics of a Digital Twin Benefits of Digital Twins in ge General challenges in implem Digital Twins Communication of the basic a definitions within the enerprise 	 Sharpening the understanding project (What is it all about?) Prevention of misunderstanding the processing of the project First approaches to the justificat the project → pointing out poter Spects and Overview of possible challenge implementation Increasing transparency of the pointing out poter Keeping expectations realistic 	of the Has the term "digital twin" been defined and characteristics been elaborated? gs during Have general benefits of DT technology been identified? Have challenges in the implementation of Digital Twins been investigated? Has the basic understanding been communicated within the company? project

Delive	erable – What ha	s to be achieved?	TUT
Index PM-D1.2	Title Project goals		Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	Input for PM-A2.5		
Content		Goal	Check List
 Rough description situation, medium and long-term go. Global/coarse tar Structured projection 	n of the current h-term goal (prototype) al (vision) get t goals	 Creation of a project idea as the cornerstone for the project Derive an initial idea of the objectives [DIN69901, 2009 p.19]. Gives the project team direction and an idea of expected results [Beskow, 1998 p.179]. Serve the management to monitor the achievement of objectives at the end [Mahlau, 2018 p.63] 	 Is there clarity about the rough current situation of the system, as well as medium-term and long-term goals? Has a global/coarse target been defined? Are there structured project objectives?



Delive	erable – What ha	s to be achieved?	ТШТ
	Title		Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	Plan for the introductio	PM-A5.5	
Content		Goal	Check List
 Plan that sets out activities Determination of sequence of the p Resource plan Project team form 	the next steps and the implementation preselected use cases	 Concretizing the implementation -> Making the next steps tangible Create the organizational prerequisites for processing the project Enable estimation of the project costs 	 Has a plan been drawn up with the next steps and activities? Is the sequence of use case implementation defined? Is there a resource plan? Has a project team been formed with roles and responsibilities?

Delive	erable – What ha	s to be achieved?	ТЛП
Index PM-D2.1	Actual state of the com	ipany	Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	Input for PM-A3.1, PM-A3.2, PM	л-ASY.1	
Content		Goal	Check List
 Sketch of the use environment Outline of the use flow Sketch of the use structure 	e case specific process e case-specific process e case-specific data	 Basis for recording the current status of the company with regard to digitalization and DT Starting point for the design of the DT Provides insights into data handling and process flows Technical presentation helps with the concrete design of the DT 	 Has the process environment been recorded and documented? Has the current process flow been recorded and documented? Has the current data structure been recorded and documented?

Delive	erable – What has	s to be achieved?	ТЛП
	Title		Link to the Procedure Model _
Priority	Input for PM-A4.3, PM-A3.1, PM	y 1-A3.3, PM-A3.4	
Content		Goal	Check List
 Actual maturity leachieving target no achieving target no analyzed current is analyzed current. List of potential in a second secon	vel with strategy for naturity level trategies based on the situation nplementation partners	 Preliminary stage of the target concept - > Specifying the direction in which the DT should go Implementation strategies support the determination of the target concept -> Where and how should the DT be used? Identify the current situation in the company -> How much effort is required for digitization? Gives an overview of which departments and possibly external companies need to be collaborated with 	 Has the actual maturity level been determined and strategies developed to achieve the next levels? Have implementation strategies been formulated on the basis of the current situation? Is a list of potential implementation partners available?

Delivera Index PM-D3.1	able – What has Title Target concept	s to be achieved?	Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	PM-ASY.1		
 Content	f the DT ess flow with DT ronment with vare/software e with changed/new vs	 Goal Formalize the desired end state for each use case to concretize the goal Creating a clear idea of the desired functionality of the DT Starting point for technical implementation -> serves as a basis for planning and acceptance 	 Check List Are the interfaces to which the DT docks defined? Have the target process, the target process environment and the target data structure been defined?

Delive	erable – What ha	s to be achieved?	ПП
PM-D3.2	Adjustments to the cu	rrent situation	Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	Input for PM-A5.4, PM-A4.2		
Content	<u>, </u>	Goal	Check List
 Changes to the p environment and Changes to roles 	rocess flow, process data structure and responsibilities	 Better understanding of changing processes and activities Early determination of how to deal with the DT increases the chance of acceptance and use of the intended DT 	 Are all changes from the actual situation to the target concept documented? Have roles and responsibilities been redefined?

Delive	erable – What has	s to be achieved?	TUT
PM-D3.3 Priority Must-have	Title Specifications Input for PM-A4.1, PM-A4.2		Link to the Procedure Model
Content Coordinated requi Transfer key for tr	irements structure ansferring the use	 Goal Basis for the preparation of the specifications 	Check List Has the requirements structure been coordinated?
 Requirements der concept and the u 	ived from the target se cases	 Osed for acceptance of the solution implemented later Specifies development direction for implementation Clarity about the people/groups involved in the implementation Coordination of cooperation for efficient implementation without misunderstandings 	 Has a transfer key been defined for the use cases? Were requirements defined according to the question "What should be implemented"?

Delive	erable – What ha	s to be achieved?	TUT
PM-D3.4	Rough roadmap for im	plementation	Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	Input for PM-A4.2, PM-A4.3		
Content		Goal	Check List
Rough procedure for case in the company tools/systems, proce product	r implementing the use y in terms of esses/organization,	 Shows the measures for implementing the use case Assists with the scheduling of the next steps 	Is there a timeline where the required steps regarding system, tools & IT landscape and processes & organization are recorded?

	erable – What ha		
PM-D4.1	Title Coordinated specificat	ions	Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	Input for PM-A5.2, PM-ASY.2		
Content		Goal	Check List
 Coordinated spec of the intended w requirements (hor Definition of tests criteria 	cifications with details ay of implementing the w and with what) and acceptance	 Clarify the concrete implementation of the requirements Create commitment with the implementation partner regarding implementation Ensuring efficient and solution-oriented implementation 	 Has a specification sheet been drawn up with details of how and with what the specifications will be implemented? Have test cases and acceptance criteria been defined?

	erable – What has	s to be achieved?	ТШ
PM-D4.2	Refined implementation	n roadmap	Link to the Procedure Model
Priority Must-have	Input for PM-ASY.2, PM-ASY.3,	PM-A5.1, PM-A5.3	
Content Defined work pack implementation of	kages for the	Goal Precise plan helps with efficient and	Check List Have work packages been defined for the technical realization
 Precise plan of when 	no does what and	effective implementation	 Is there a precise plan of who does what and when?

Deliverable – What has to be achieved?			TUT
Index Tit PM-D4.3 As	tlesured technical feasibil	lity	Link to the Procedure Model
PriorityInp	out for		
 Content	e implementation with the riers to ng suggestions	 Goal	 Check List Has the feasibility of the intended implementation roadmap been ensured? Have potential barriers/problems to implementation been identified and have solutions been developed to overcome them?



Delive	erable – What ha	s to be achieved?	TIM
PM-D5.2	Title Supervised implement	ation & communicated changes	Link to the Procedure Model
Priority	Input for		(
Content		Goal	Check List
 Training concept subsequent taked implementation Communication of and functionalitie 	for the pilot phase and over of the of changes to activities s with the new system	 Ensure use and acceptance of the use case / digital twin Facilitating collaboration with new technologies in the company 	 Is there a training concept for the stakeholders affected by the application? Have the changes been communicated within the company?



Delive	Title Interrelationships of the	s to be achieved?	Link to the Procedure Model
Must-have	PM-A4.2		
 Content	ween the use cases in cture, process flow ronment ng the connections	 Goal Recognize whether several use cases can be covered with little additional effort Intelligent design of the implementation by utilizing synergies of the use cases (e.g. same data structure) 	 Check List Have all correlations been identified? Have strategies been derived to utilize the correlations?



